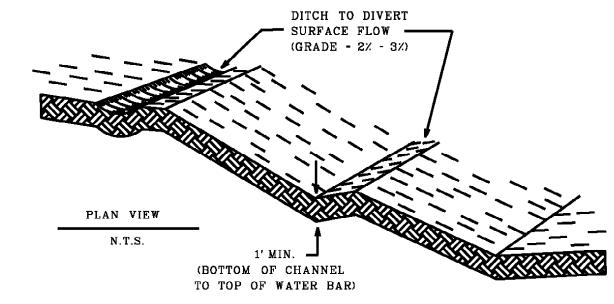
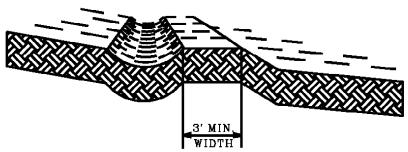
TYPICAL WATER BAR CONSTRUCTION





CROSS SECTION
N.T.S.

NOTES:

- All trees, brush, stumps, rocks, and other obstructions shall be removed and disposed of to prevent interference with the proper functioning of the diversion.
- 2. Fills shall be compacted as needed to prevent unequal settlement or failure.
- 3. All graded areas shall be stabilized with temporary or permanent seeding.
- 4. Diversion channel should be lined with erosion control fabric as soil conditions require.
- 5. The outlet of the water bar must be to a well vegetated area or be stabilized by installing a stone check dam, haybale/silt fence dissipating device or synthetic geomat, depending on the amount of channelized flow expected. If used, the geomat will consist of a geotextile fabric 8 feet wide and 10 feet long. The end of the fabric at the right-of-way must be toed into the ground.

RECOMMENDED SPACING	BETWEEN WATER BARS
SLOPE (PERCENT)	SPACING (FEET)
0-2	500-300
3-5	250-180
6-10	167-140
11-15	136-127
16-20	125-120
21+	100

FIGURE 12 TYPICAL WATER BAR

NORTHEAST RELIABILITY INTERCONNECT PROJECT

